Compound Formats Sample



 $f'(a) = \lim_{\mathrm{h} o 0} rac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$



Barcodes

MathML using the JavaScript library MathJax SVG

1. Barcodes

This chapter shows the barcode capabilities of PDFreactor by displaying various types of barcodes.

1.1. 2D-Barcodes

PDF417

QR Code





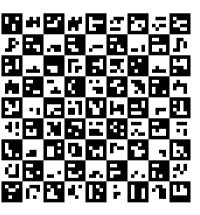
DataMatrix



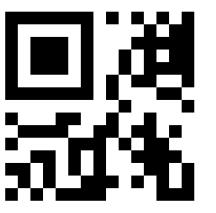
Maxicode



Grid Matrix



Micro QR



Code One



GS1 Databar Stacked



Rotated Barcodes









180°

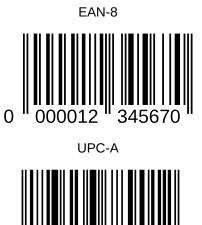
270°



Compound Formats Sample

1.2. Retail Barcodes





1.3. Postal Barcodes

Dutch Post Kixcode

ւլկելիկեկիլիկոնենլիվերիկների

56

78901

2

1



USPS OneCode (Intelligent Mail)

Australia Post

ւրիկվորոներուներու

POSTNET

Korea Post





Deutsche Post Leitcode

1.4. Various Barcodes

Code 128



GS1 Databar Limited

(01)0000001234565

Hello World



1234567890

Logmars





123456L

Codablock F







2. MathML

This chapter displays various types of mathematical formulas, using the JavaScript library MathJax to convert MathML to SVG. (A reduced version of MathJax 2.7.5 is included with this sample, under the Apache License 2.0) MathJax can be used without changing source documents via a user-script included in the PDFreactor package.

$$\int\limits_{0}^{1} rac{\mathrm{dx}}{(a+1)\sqrt{x}} = \pi \qquad \qquad \int_{\mathrm{E}} ig(lpha f + eta gig) \,\mathrm{d}\,\mu = lpha \ \int_{\mathrm{E}} \ f \ \mathrm{d}\,\mu + eta \ \int_{\mathrm{E}} \ g \ \mathrm{d}\,\mu$$

$$A = egin{pmatrix} 9 & 8 & 6 \ 1 & 2 & 7 \ 4 & 9 & 2 \ 6 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} ext{ or } A = egin{pmatrix} 9 & 8 & 6 \ 1 & 2 & 7 \ 4 & 9 & 2 \ 6 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} ext{ or } egin{pmatrix} a_{11} - \lambda & \cdots & a_{1n} \ dots & \ddots & dots \ a_{n1} & \cdots & a_{nn} - \lambda \end{bmatrix} egin{pmatrix} x_1 \ dots \ x_n \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\sqrt{x-3} + \sqrt{3x} + \sqrt{rac{\sqrt{3x}}{x-3}} + irac{y}{\sqrt{2(r+x)}} \qquad \sum_{n=0}^t f(2n) + \sum_{n=0}^t f(2n+1) = \sum_{n=0}^{2t+1} f(n)$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = |x| = egin{cases} +\mathrm{x} &, \mathrm{if} \;\; x \; > \; 0 \ 0 \;\;, \mathrm{if} \;\; x \; = \; 0 \ -\mathrm{x} \;\;, \mathrm{if} \;\; x \; < \; 0 \end{array} \qquad \qquad H(j\omega) = egin{cases} x^{-j\omega\sigma_0} \;\; \mathrm{for} \;\; \mid \; \omega \;\; \mid \; < \; \omega_\sigma \ 0 \;\;\; \mathrm{for} \;\; \mid \; \omega \;\; \mid \; < \; \omega_\sigma \ 0 \;\;\; \mathrm{for} \;\; \mid \; \omega \;\; \mid \; > \; \omega_\sigma \end{cases}$$

$$x=rac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a} \qquad \qquad f'(a)=\lim_{\mathrm{h}
ightarrow 0}rac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

$$1+\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}rac{q^{k+k^2}}{(1-q)(1-q^2)\ldots(1-q^k)}=\prod_{j=0}^{\infty}rac{1}{(1-q^{5j+2})(1-q^{5j+3})}, ext{for } |q|<1$$

3. Scalable Vector Graphics

This chapter shows the SVG capabilities of PDFreactor by displaying various types of scalable vector graphics.



4. PDF Images

This chapter shows that PDFreactor can automatically embed other PDFs as images. Any page from the PDF can be displayed as an image, in this case we are displaying the second page.



5. Color Fonts

This chapter demonstrates the use of color fonts. For this sample OpenType-SVG fonts are used. SBIX and CBDT color font formats are also supported.



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Please note that currently the text cannot be selected or copied. However, in tagged PDFs the content is still accessible for screen readers.